## Denmark open (Hans Christian Nielsen \& Knud-Aage Boesgaard)

## Supplementary notes:

Please find below supplementary notes to our system declaration. The notes are marked in our system-declaration with brackets []:

1. Revised Michaels Cue Bid:
example 1: $\quad(1 \mathrm{M})-2 \mathrm{M}=$ at Least 5 in other M and at least 5 card in any minor. 2 NT is asking for other minor.
example 2: (1m)-2m = at Least 5-4 in Majors (6-11 p) or any FG hand.
2. Multi 2 - :

2 NT is asking for strength and type:
a) 3 \& shows any weak 2 in M with MAX. 3 asks opener to bid his M and
$4 *$ asks opener to bid the suit just under his M-suit.
b) $3 \star$ shows a weak 2 in $\downarrow$ with MIN.
c) $3 \bullet$ shows a weak 2 in $\oplus$ with MIN.
3. Revised Kelsey and Wohlin after opponents 1NT-opening:
3.1 Revised Kelsey:

In 2. and 3. position we play (but in the reopen position we use another method, see below):
1NT $2 *=$ Shows a 3 -suited hand with $0-2$ cards in one of the red suits.
$2 \star$ = Shows a 3 -suited hand with $0-2$ cards in one of the black suits. $2 \mathrm{M}=$ Natural - typically one-suited. $2 \mathrm{NT}=$ Any 2 -Suited without clubs. $3 \boldsymbol{\&}$ asking for suits.

2 NT is asking for strength and distribution (in general).
If we have a 2 -suited hand with \& , we may passs in first round and come in with 2 NT in second round. Typically it may be considered for minors, but can be clubs and a major.

In the reopening position (4. hand) we use double to show any 3-suited hand. Partner bids his nearest playable suit. $2 *$ shows one $M$ and one $m$ (Wohlin) and $2 \star$ shows both majors.

## 4. Forcing pass sequences:

Basicly we use forcing pass, but - usually with length in opponent's suit - we may pass!!!
5. We open 1 M and opponent doubles:

We use transfers in many situations, see below:
Example 1.

| $1 \times$-(Dbl)- | 14 | $=$ Natural + forcing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1UT | $=$ Transfer to * |
|  | 2\% | $=$ Transfer to * |
|  | 2* | $=$ Transfer to $\bullet$ (constructive/INV 7-9 p) |
|  | 2 | $=$ preemptive (4-7 p) |
|  | 2UT | = Steenberg (= raise FG) |
|  | 3 | $=$ preemptive (0-6 p) |
| $1 \rightarrow$-(Dbl)- | 1UT | $=$ Transfer to ** |
|  | 2\% | $=$ Transfer to * |
|  | 2 | $=$ Transfer to $\downarrow$ |
|  |  | $=$ Transfer to $\wedge$ (construktive 7-9p) |
|  | 24 | $=$ preemptive ( $4-7 \mathrm{p}$ ) |
|  | 2UT | = Steenberg (= raise FG |
|  | $3 A=$ | Preemptive (0-6 p) |

